

**The progress in implementing  
the four time-bound  
commitments in the Republic of  
Moldova  
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15 February 2016

# National NCDs targets

**National NCD Action Plan 2016 – 2020**  
**with 9 national targets and 25 indicators**  
adjusted to the national context  
that are in line with GMF and SDG



Monitoring and evaluation systems as part of the reporting on the targets and indicators have been developed and are still being adjusted:

- National STEPS survey, 2013,
- COSI, 2013
- Global youth tobacco survey, 2013
- National salt intake survey (under implementation)

# National NCD Policies

## National Strategy for the Prevention and Control of Non-communicable Diseases 2012-2020



NP on  
Tobacco  
Control  
2012-2016



NP on  
Alcohol  
Control  
2012-2020



NP  
Food and  
Nutrition  
2014-2020



NP on  
Diabetes  
Prevention  
and  
Control  
2016-2020



NP on  
Cardiovascular  
Disease  
Prevention  
and Control  
2014-2020



NP  
Cancer  
Prevention  
and  
Control  
2016-2025

# Reducing NCD risk factors

## Tobacco

Approval of the new **Tobacco Control Law** that follows closely FCTC, May 2015, entered into force in Sept.2015

- From 01 January 2016 - total ban of tobacco advertising
- From 31 May 2016 - full ban on smoking in enclosed public spaces

## Alcohol

**2012**, minimum price for strong alcohol beverages was increased in wholesale and retail trade; prohibited sale of alcohol products in grocery stores and other wholesale points between 22:00 p.m. – 8:00 a.m.

**2013**, the legal blood alcohol content limit for driving was reduced from **0.5 g/l** to **0.3 g/l**,

**2015**-Government approved law amendment to ban advertising of alcohol

# Strengthening health system to address the NCDs

**2013**

Inclusion of insulin in the list of reimbursed drugs

**2014**

Country assessment on challenges and opportunities of HS for better NCD outcomes

**2015**

Approved regressive mark-ups on medicines

Increased reimbursement of antihypertensive from 50 % to 70%

HI coverage reached 85%

**2016**

Piloting PEN Protocols and their adjustment to the national context

# Concluding remarks

- Republic of Moldova is a country with lower-middle-income economy, with limited financial resources, but total health expenditure are up to 20% of annual budget.
- Significant support was provided by development partners (SDC, EU, etc) under WHO leadership to implement time-bound commitments
- Government of Republic of Moldova is engaged to implement timely commitments and encourage other countries to follow agreed assignments
- It is time for joint actions - there is no excuse to delay it!