

2020 - CORE QUESTIONNAIRE OF THE REPORTING INSTRUMENT OF WHO FCTC

A. ORIGIN OF THE REPORT

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Period of reporting:

	Month	Year
Start date	January (1)	2020 (21)
End date	March (3)	2020 (21)

B1. TOBACCO CONSUMPTION

Prevalence of tobacco use

Smoking prevalence in the adult population (all)

(Please provide prevalence data for total adult population, and identify the age considered, e.g. 15 years old and over, 18-64 years; see B112)

Current smokers

	Prevalence (%) (please include all smoking tobacco products in preva- lence data)	Average number of the most-con- sumed smoking tobacco product used per day
MALE	24	
FEMALE	22.2	
TOTAL (males and females)	23.1	

Daily smokers

	Prevalence (%) (please include all smoking tobacco products in prevalence data)	Average number of the most-consumed smoking tobacco product used per day
MALE	16.9	
FEMALE	17.1	
TOTAL (males and females)	17	

Occasional smokers

	Prevalence (%) (please include all smoking tobacco products in prevalence data)
MALE	7.1
FEMALE	5.1
TOTAL (males and females)	6.1

Former smokers

	Prevalence (%) (please include all smoking tobacco products in prevalence data)
MALE	33.6
FEMALE	31.2
TOTAL (males and females)	32.4

Never smokers

Prevalence (%)
(please include all smoking tobacco products in prevalence data)

MALE	42.4
FEMALE	46.6
TOTAL (males and females)	44.5

Please indicate the smoking tobacco products included in calculating prevalence for question B11:

Cigarettes, Cigars, pipe, cheroot and/or waterpipe

Please indicate the age range to which the data used to answer question B11 refer:

	From	To
Age range	15	99

Please indicate the year of the data used to answer question B11:

2018

Please indicate the source of the data used to answer question B11:

2018, Monitorering af danskernes rygevaner. Kantar Gallup

Please provide the definitions of "current smoker", "daily smoker", "occasional smoker", "former smoker" and "never smoker" used in this report.

Current smoker	Yes, every day + Yes, at least once a week+yes, but less than once a week
Daily smoker	Yes, every day
Occasional smoker	Yes, at least once a week + yes, but less than once a week
Former smoker	No, but I have been smoking before
Never smoker	No, I have never been smoking

Please provide a brief explanation of the trend in smoking prevalence in the adult population in the past two years or since submission of your last report.

in 2018 23 percent of the adult population smoked. That was an increase since 2016, when 21 percent smoked.

Smoking prevalence in the adult population (by age groups)

(If data are available, please provide prevalence data by age group, and identify the age group considered, preferably by 10-year categories, e.g. 25-34, 35-44 years)

	Range - start age	Range - end age	Prevalence (%) (please include all smoking tobacco products in prevalence data)
TOTAL (males and females) - current smokers ¹	15	29	29
TOTAL (males and females) - current smokers ¹	30	59	25
TOTAL (males and females) - current smokers ¹	60	99	16

Please indicate the smoking tobacco products included in calculating prevalence for question B12:

Cigarettes, Cigars, pipe, cheroot and/or waterpipe

Please indicate the year of the data used to answer question B12:

2018

Please indicate the source of the data used to answer question B12:

2018, Monitorering af danskernes rygevaner. Kantar Gallup

Please provide a brief explanation of the trend in current smoking prevalence by age group in the past two years or since submission of your last report, if data are available.

Prevalence of smokeless tobacco use in the adult population (all)

(Please provide prevalence data for total adult population, and identify the age considered in B132, e.g. 15 years old and over, 18-64 years; see B132)

Males

Prevalence (%)
(please include all smokeless tobacco products in prevalence data)

Current users	6
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Females

Prevalence (%)
(please include all smokeless tobacco products in prevalence data)

Current users	2
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TOTAL (males and females)

Prevalence (%)
(please include all smokeless tobacco products in prevalence data)

Current users	4
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Please indicate the smokeless tobacco products included in calculating prevalence for question B13:

Only chewing tobacco is

legal to sell in Denmark, but a survey indicates that some use snus imported illegally and/or do not know the difference between snus and chewing tobacco.

Please indicate the age range to which the data used to answer question B13 refer:

	From	To
Age range	15	99

Please indicate the year of the data used to answer question B13:

2018

Please indicate the source of the data used to answer question B13:

2018, Monitorering af danskernes rygevaner. Kantar Gallup

Please provide the definitions of “current user”, “daily user”, “occasional user”, “former user” and “never user” (of smokeless tobacco products) used in this report in the space below.

Current user	Yes, every day+ Yes, at least once a week+yes, but less than once a week
Daily user	Yes, every day
Occasional user	Yes, at least once a week+yes, but less than once a week
Former user	No, but I have been smoking before
Never user	No, I have never been smoking

Please provide a brief explanation of the trend in smokeless tobacco use in the adult population in the past two years or since submission of your last report.

We have done a survey in smokeless tobacco among 15-24 year-olds. In this agegroup the numer of current users are: 11% (male: 16%, female: 5%).

Prevalence of smokeless tobacco use in the adult population (current users) by age group (by age groups)

(If data are available, please provide prevalence data by age group, and identify the age group considered, preferably by 10-year categories, e.g. 25-34, 35-44 years)

Range - start age	Range - end age	Prevalence (%) (please include all smoking tobacco products in prevalence data)
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Please indicate the smokeless tobacco products included in the answer to question B14:
Data is to small to answer in
so detailed agegroups

Please indicate the year of the data used to answer question B14:

Please indicate the source of the data used to answer question B14:

Please provide a brief explanation of the trend in current use of smokeless tobacco by adult age groups in the past two years or since submission of your last report.

Tobacco use by ethnic group(s)

(please include all smoking or smokeless tobacco products in prevalence data)

Ethnic group(s)	MALES - Prevalence (%)	FEMALES - Prevalence (%)	TOTAL (males and females) - Prevalence (%)
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Please indicate the tobacco products included in the answer to question B15:

Please indicate the age range to which the data used to answer question B15 refer:

From To

Please indicate the year of the data used to answer question B15:

Please indicate the source of the data used to answer question B15:

Tobacco use by young persons

(please include all smoking or smokeless tobacco products in prevalence data)

	Age range	SMOKING TOBACCO - Prevalence (%)	SMOKELESS TOBACCO - Prevalence (%)	WATER PIPE - Prevalence (%)
BOYS - Current users ⁴	15-24	22.1	15.5	
GIRLS - Current users ⁴	15-24	21.7	5.3	
TOTAL (boys and girls) - Current users ⁴	15-24	21.9	10.4	

Please indicate the tobacco products included in calculating prevalence for question B16:
Smoking: Cigarettes, Cigars,
pipe and/or cheroot, heated tobacco

Please indicate the year of the data used to answer question B16:

2019

Please indicate the source of the data used to answer question B16:

2019 Use of smokeless tobacco among youth (15-24 years-old)

Please provide the definition of "current smoking/tobacco use" used to answer question B16 in the space below.

The participants were asked if they smoke.

Please provide a brief explanation of the trend in tobacco use by young persons in the past two years or since submission of your last report.

It is the first time that we have done this survey

Please attach the relevant documentation.

No comment

File type

"pdf"

Use of novel and emerging tobacco and nicotine products

Age range	Heated tobacco products (HTPs) - Prevalence (%)	Electronic Nicotine Delivery Systems (ENDS) - Prevalence (%)	Electronic Non-Nicotine Delivery Systems (ENNDS) - Prevalence (%)	Other products - Prevalence (%)
ADULT POPULATION - Total (males and females)	15-99	5		

B2-B9. HEALTH, SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC INDICATORS

Exposure to tobacco smoke

Do you have any data on exposure to tobacco smoke in your population?

Yes ✓

Please provide details in the space below (e.g. exposure by gender, at home, in the workplace, on public transport).

Smoking within the home (indoor): 22% (daily and occasionally). 16% of the 22% have children living in the home. Smoking in cars with children present: 3 %

Please indicate the year of the data used to answer question B21:

2018

Please indicate the source of the data used to answer question B21:

2018, Monitorering af danskernes rygevaner. Kantar Gallup

Please attach the relevant documentation.

No comment

File type

"pdf"

Tobacco-related mortality

Do you have information on tobacco-related mortality in your population?

Yes ✓

What is the estimated total number of deaths attributable to tobacco use in your population?

13.6

If available, please provide any additional information on mortality attributable to tobacco use (e.g. lung cancer, cardiovascular diseases) in your jurisdiction.

2016: 13.600 per year 2012: 14.000 per year 2006: 14.000 per year. No new data.

Please indicate the year of the data used to answer question B32 and 33:

2016

Please indicate the source of the data used to answer questions B32 and B33:

Statens Institut for Folkesundhed. Sygdomsbyrden i Danmark, Risikofaktorer Kbh.: Statens Institut for Folkesundhed; 2016

Please submit a copy of the study you refer to:

No comment

File type

"pdf"

Tobacco-related costs

Do you have information on the economic burden of tobacco use in your population, e.g. the overall cost of tobacco use imposed on your society?

Yes ✓

Please provide details (e.g. direct (health care-related) and indirect costs and, if possible, the method used to estimate these costs).

The Danish Health Authority has published a report on "Burden of disease in Denmark, risk factors" that was prepared by the National Institute of Public Health, The University of Southern Denmark.

Please indicate the year of the data used to answer question B42:

2016

Please indicate the source of the data used to answer question B42:

The Danish Health Authority

Please submit a copy of the study you refer to:

No comment

File type

"pdf"

Supply of tobacco and tobacco products

(with reference to Articles 6.2(b), 20.4(c), and 15.5)

Licit supply of tobacco products

	Product	Unit (e.g. pieces, tonnes)	Domestic production	Retail sales	Exports	Imports
Smoking tobacco products	Cigarettes	1000 pieces		5281339		
Smoking tobacco products	Cigars and cigarillos	1000 pieces		47792		
Smoking tobacco products	Fine cut smoking tobacco	tonnes		265		
Smoking tobacco products	Pipe tobacco	tonnes		146		
Smokeless tobacco products	Chewing tobacco and snuff	tonnes		49		
Smokeless tobacco products	Other kinds of chewing tobacco			6		
Other tobacco products	Cigarette paper	1000 pieces		525496		

Please provide information on the volumes of duty-free sales (e.g. product, unit, quantity), if available.

n.a.

Please indicate the year of the data used to answer question B51 and 52:

2018

Please indicate the source of the data used to answer questions B51 and B52:

Statistics from SKAT

Please attach the relevant documentation.

Seizures of illicit tobacco products

(with reference to Article 15.5)

Seizures of illicit tobacco

	Year	Product	Unit (e.g. pieces, tonnes)	Quantity seized
Smoking tobacco products	2019	Cigarettes (cheap whites)	Pieces	18600
Smoking tobacco products	2019	Cigarettes (IPR)	Pieces	3150
Smoking tobacco products	2019	Cigarettes (genuin)	Pieces	5846524
Smoking tobacco products	2019	Smoking tobacco	Kilograms	50829
Smoking tobacco products	2019	Water pipe tobacco	Kilograms	3169

Do you have any information on the percentage of illicit tobacco products on the national tobacco market?

No ✘

Please provide any further information on illicit tobacco products.

Please indicate the source of the data used to answer questions in section B6:
Toldstyrelsens Vagtrapportsystem (National Seizure Database)

Please attach the relevant documentation.

Tobacco-growing

Is there any tobacco-growing in your jurisdiction?

No ✘

Please indicate the year of the data used to answer questions in section B7:

2015

Please indicate the source of the data used to answer questions in section B7:

Please attach the relevant documentation.

Taxation of tobacco products

(with reference to Articles 6.2(a) and 6.3)

What proportion of the retail price of the most popular price category of tobacco product consists of taxes (e.g. sum of excise, sales and import duties (if applicable) and value added tax/goods and services tax (VAT/GST))?

74

How are the excise taxes levied (what types of taxes are levied)?

Specific tax only	No
Ad valorem tax only	No
Combination of specific and ad valorem taxes	Yes
More complex structure (please explain below)	Yes

If a more complex structure of taxes *(please explain)*:

For cigars and cigarillos the minimum tax amount (incl. specific excise, ad valorem excise and VAT) for 1000 pieces are 1326 DKK per 2018.

If available, please provide details on the rates of taxation for tobacco products at all levels of Government and be as specific as possible (specify the type of tax, e.g. VAT, sales, import duties)

	Product	Type of tax	Rate or amount	Base of tax⁵
Smoking tobacco products	Cigarettes	Specific excise	1182.5 DKK	1000 cigarettes
Smoking tobacco products	Cigarettes	Ad valorem excise	1 %	Retail price
Smoking tobacco products	Cigars and cigarrillos	Specific excise	527 DKK	1000 pieces
Smoking tobacco products	Cigars and cigarrillos	Ad valorem excise	10 %	Retail price
Smoking tobacco products	Cigars and cigarrillos	Minimum tax of total price (specific excise, ad valorem excise and VAT)	1339 DKK	1000 pieces
Smoking tobacco products	Fine cut smoking tobacco	Specific excise	788.50 DKK / KG	Weight
Smoking tobacco products	Pipe tobacco	Specific excise	738.50 DKK / KG	Weight
Smoking tobacco products	All products	Value added tax	20 %	Retail price
Smokeless tobacco products	Chewing tobacco and snuff	Specific excise	73.85 DKK / KG	Weight
Smokeless tobacco products	Other smokeless tobacco products	Specific excise	268.44 DKK /KG	Weight
Smokeless tobacco products	All products	Value added tax	20 %	Retail price
Other tobacco products	Cigarette paper	Specific excise	50	1000 pieces
Other tobacco products	All products	Value added tax	20 %	Retail price

Please briefly describe the trends in taxation for tobacco products in the past two years or since submission of your last report in your jurisdiction.

Most Tobacco taxes has been unchanged since 2014. However, from 1. april all specific tobacco taxes are increased significantly. Cigarettes from 118.25 to 173.79 DKK/1000 cigarettes Cigars and cigarillos from 527 to 1010.1 DKK/1000 pieces Cigars and cigarillos minimum tax from 1339 to 2029 DKK/1000 pieces Fine cut smoking Tobacco from 788,50 DKK/KG to 1350.90 DKK/KG Pipe Tobacco from 738.50 DKK/KG to 1300.90 DKK/KG Chewing tobacco and snuff from 73.85 to 113 DKK/KG Other smokeless tobacco products from 268.44 to 410.76 DKK/KG

Do you earmark any percentage of your taxation income for funding any national plan or strategy on tobacco control in your jurisdiction?

No ✘

Please indicate the year of the data used to answer questions B81 to B86:

2018

Please indicate the source of the data used to answer questions B81 to B86:

<http://www.skm.dk/skattetal/satser/satser-og-beloebsgraenser/tobaksafgiftsloven>

Please attach the relevant documentation.

Price of tobacco products

(with reference to Articles 6.2(a))

Domestic

Please provide the retail prices of the three most widely sold brands of domestic tobacco products at the most widely used point of sale in your capital city.

Name of the most widely sold brands	Number of units or amount per package	Retail price	Currency

Imported

Please provide the retail prices of the three most widely sold brands of imported tobacco products at the most widely used point of sale in your capital city.

	Name of the most widely sold brands	Number of units or amount per package	Retail price	Currency
Smoking tobacco products	cigarettes	20	44,5	DKK
Smoking tobacco products	cigarettes	20	45,5	DKK
Smoking tobacco products	cigarettes	20	39	DKK

Please indicate the year of the data used to answer question B91:

2019

Please indicate the source of the data used to answer question B91:

Statistics from SKAT

Please briefly describe the trend in the prices of tobacco products in the past two years or since submission of your last report in your jurisdiction.

A slight increase in average cigarette prices. See also section B84.

Please attach the relevant documentation.

C1. GENERAL OBLIGATIONS

With reference to Article 5

Have you developed and implemented comprehensive multisectoral national tobacco control strategies, plans and programmes in accordance with the Convention?

Yes ✓

Have you established or reinforced and financed:

a focal point for tobacco control?	Yes
a tobacco control unit?	Yes
a national coordinating mechanism for tobacco control?	Yes

Please provide details (e.g. the nature of the national coordinating mechanism, the institution to which the focal point for tobacco control or the tobacco control unit belongs).

Focal point for tobacco control: Danish Health Authority - the central health authority in Denmark
Tobacco control unit: Danish Safety Technology Authority

Please provide a brief description of the progress made in implementing Article 5.1 and 5.2 (*General obligations*) in the past two years or since submission of your last report.

In December 2019, the Danish Government and a majority of the political parties in Parliament agreed on a national action plan targeting tobacco use among children and young people. Some of the initiatives are: - Display ban - Plain packaging - Further restrictions on advertising and sponsorship - Further restrictions on tobacco use in institutions and schools for children and adolescents. Ban on any form of tobacco use during school hours - the ban also applies to pupils leaving the property of the institution during schools hours, for instance during excursions etc. Ban on tobacco sale in these schools and institutions. - Ban on characterising flavours except menthol and tobacco. The proposed ban does not apply to cigars and pipe tobacco. - Regulation of non-tobacco nicotine products. - Strengthened control of sales of tobacco products to minors and increased fines. - Increased fines for violations of the Smoke-free Environments Act The political agreement on a national action plan can be found here: <https://www.regeringen.dk/media/8732/aftaletekst.pdf> The Bill implementing the national action plan will we introduced in 2020.

If you have any other relevant information pertaining to but not covered in this section, please provide details in the space below.

Protection of public health policies with respect to tobacco control from commercial and other vested interests of the tobacco industry

Have you adopted and implemented, where appropriate, legislative, executive, administrative or other measures or have you implemented, where appropriate, programmes on any of the following:

protecting public health policies with respect to tobacco control from commercial and other vested interests of the tobacco industry?

Yes ✓

ensuring that the public has access, in accordance with Article 12(c), to a wide range of information on tobacco industry activities relevant to the objectives of the Convention, such as in a public repository?

No ✗

If you answered “Yes” to any of the questions under C121 or C122, please provide details in the space below (specifically, please refer, if relevant, to whether your government or any of its departments 1) have raised awareness on tobacco industry tactics and the need to prevent interference by the tobacco industry with decision making; 2) have avoided entering into any partnerships or voluntary agreements with the tobacco industry; 3) have established any measures to limit interaction of public officials with the tobacco industry, including in the form of a code of conduct; 4) have not granted any incentives, privileges, benefits or preferential tax exemptions to the tobacco industry to establish or run their business; etc.).

Please provide a brief description of the progress made in implementing Article 5.3 in the past two years or since submission of your last report.

No legislative measures since submission of the last report.

Have you utilized the “Guidelines for implementation of Article 5.3 of the WHO FCTC” when developing or implementing policies in this area?

No ✗

If you have any other relevant information pertaining to but not covered in this section, please provide details in the space below.

Please attach the relevant documentation.

C2. MEASURES RELATING TO THE REDUCTION OF DEMAND FOR TOBACCO

With reference to Articles 6–14

Price and tax measures to reduce the demand for tobacco

Have you adopted and implemented, where appropriate, legislative, executive, administrative or other measures or have you implemented, where appropriate, programmes on any of the following:

tax policies and, where appropriate, price policies on tobacco products so as to contribute to the health objectives aimed at reducing tobacco consumption?

Yes ✓

prohibiting or restricting, as appropriate, sales to international travellers of tax- and duty-free tobacco products?

No ✗

prohibiting or restricting, as appropriate, imports by international travellers of tax- and duty-free tobacco products?

Yes ✓

Please provide a brief description of the progress made in implementing Article 6 (*Price and tax measures to reduce the demand for tobacco*) in the past two years or since submission of your last report.

In april 2020 all specific Tobacco taxes are increased significantly.

Have you utilized the “Guidelines for implementation of Article 6 of the WHO FCTC” when developing or implementing policies in this area?

No ✗

If you have any other relevant information pertaining to but not covered in this section, please provide details in the space below.

Please attach the relevant documentation.

Protection from exposure to tobacco smoke

Have you adopted and implemented, where appropriate, legislative, executive, administrative or other measures or have you implemented, where appropriate, programmes on any of the following:

banning tobacco smoking in indoor workplaces, public transport, indoor public places and, as appropriate, other public places ?

Yes ✓

What is the type/nature of the measure providing for the ban?

national law	Yes
subnational law(s)	No
administrative and executive orders	No
voluntary agreements	No
other measures (please specify in C223 below)	Yes

Please provide a brief explanation of the type/nature and content of the measures providing for the ban.

The Smoke-free Environments Act applies to all public and private workplaces, institutions and schools for children and adolescents, other educational institutions, indoor rooms to which the public has access, means of public transport and taxis and hospitality establishments. As a general rule, smoking is not permitted indoors at these premises. At child-care centres, kindergartens and schools that mainly have enrolled children and adolescents younger than 18 years, smoking is banned both indoor and outdoor. The Act also includes some exceptions. The national law establishes minimum requirements and owner of private or public enterprises etc. may decide on further restrictions.

Link to the Smoke-free Environments Act:

<https://www.retsinformation.dk/Forms/R0710.aspx?id=210241>

Do any of these measures provide for a mechanism/ infrastructure for enforcement?

Yes ✓

Please provide details of this system.

The

enforcement of compliance with the Act and the rules established pursuant to the Act is supervised by the Danish Working Environment Authority, The Danish Maritime Authority, the Minister for Transport and the Minister for Employment.

Please specify the settings and extent/comprehensiveness of measures applied in indoor workplaces, public transport, indoor public places and, as appropriate, other public places.

Indoor workplaces:

government buildings	Partial
health-care facilities	Partial
educational facilities ⁶	Complete
universities	Partial
private workplaces	Partial
other (please specify below)	

Please specify the settings and extent/comprehensiveness of measures applied in indoor workplaces, public transport, indoor public places and, as appropriate, other public places.

Public transport:

airplanes	Complete
trains	Complete
ferries	Partial
ground public transport (buses, trolleybuses, trams)	Complete
motor vehicles used as places of work (taxis, ambulances, delivery vehicles)	Partial
private vehicles	None
other (please specify below)	

Please specify the settings and extent/comprehensiveness of measures applied in indoor workplaces, public transport, indoor public places and, as appropriate, other public places.

Indoor public places:

cultural facilities	Partial
shopping malls	Partial
pubs and bars	Partial
nightclubs	Partial
restaurants	Partial
other (please specify below)	

Please provide a brief summary of complete and partial measures, with specific details of the partial measures that have been implemented:

Banning tobacco smoking in indoor workplaces

Smoking is prohibited. Exceptions: - The employer may allow smoking in vehicles that solely serve as a workplace for one person at a time. - The employer may allow smoking in designated smoking rooms and smoking cabins. If so, it is a requirement to place visible signs informing that the air outside the smoking room or cabin can be damaging to health.

Banning tobacco smoking in public transport

Smoking is prohibited indoors with one exception: On passenger ships, it may be decided to establish designated smoking rooms and smoking cabins in which smoking can take place.

Banning tobacco smoking in indoor public places

Smoking is prohibited indoors. Exceptions: - It may be decided to allow smoking in designated smoking rooms and smoking cabins. It is not permitted to serve food or beverages in smoking rooms and smoking cabins. - It may be decided that smoking is permitted indoors at small hospitality establishments (pubs) if the following criteria are met: 1) is licensed to serve alcohol 2) does not serve food 3) serving area is less than 40 m². 4) there are tables and chairs in the serving area.

Please provide a brief description of the progress made in implementing Article 8 (*Protection from exposure to tobacco smoke*) in the past two years or since submission of your last report.

Several municipalities have decided to implement smoke free working hours, in general meaning that smoking is forbidden during work hours - also if employees leave the workplace during work hours, for instance to go to meetings. The law has not been amended since submission of the last report. However, legislation regarding smoke-free school hours is a part of the national action plan (please refer to section C116).

Have you utilized the "Guidelines for implementation of Article 8 of the WHO FCTC" when developing or implementing policies in this area?

No ✘

If you have any other relevant information pertaining to but not covered in this section, please provide details in the space below.

Please attach the relevant documentation.

Regulation of the contents of tobacco products

Have you adopted and implemented, where appropriate, legislative, executive, administrative or other measures or have you implemented, where appropriate, programmes on any of the following:

testing and measuring the contents of tobacco products?

Yes ✓

testing and measuring the emissions of tobacco products?

Yes ✓

regulating the contents of tobacco products?

Yes ✓

regulating the emissions of tobacco products?

Yes ✓

Please provide a brief description of the progress made in implementing Article 9 (*Regulation of the contents of tobacco products*) in the past two years or since submission of your last report.

Yearly test cycles are performed in order to assess compliance with TPD and national legislation. Not all products are tested each year but are selected in such a way that over a number of years all products should be tested.

Have you utilized the “Guidelines for implementation of Articles 9 and 10 of the WHO FCTC” when developing or implementing policies in this area?

No ✗

If you have any other relevant information pertaining to but not covered in this section, please provide details in the space below (e.g., whether your country 1) has incorporated product regulation in the national tobacco control legislation; 2) has access to either governmental or independent – not owned or controlled by the tobacco industry – laboratories for testing contents and/or emissions of tobacco products; 3) has regulated ingredients, such as flavours (e.g. menthol); 4) has regulated product characteristics, such as design features (e.g., cigarette ventilation); etc.).

Please attach the relevant documentation.

Regulation of tobacco product disclosures

Have you adopted and implemented, where appropriate, legislative, executive, administrative or other measures or have you implemented, where appropriate, programmes on any of the following:

requiring manufacturers or importers of tobacco products to disclose to Government authorities information about the:

contents of tobacco products?	Yes
emissions of tobacco products?	Yes

requiring public disclosure of information about the:

contents of tobacco products?	Yes
emissions of tobacco products?	Yes

Please provide a brief description of the progress made in implementing Article 10 (*Regulation of tobacco product disclosures*) in the past two years or since submission of your last report.

The Danish Safety Technology Authority has been work package 5 leader in Joint Action on Tobacco Control, one of the aims of the JATC was to make a report that assesses public non confidential data in order to make this available to the public. The report has been finalized and the aim is to shortly start publicizing more data.

Have you utilized the “Guidelines for implementation of Articles 9 and 10 of the WHO FCTC” when developing or implementing policies in this area?

No ✘

If you have any other relevant information pertaining to but not covered in this section, please provide details in the space below (e.g. whether your country has incorporated tobacco product disclosures in the national tobacco control legislation; has regulated the public disclosure of toxic constituents and emissions of tobacco products, aiming to raise public awareness and advance tobacco control policy; etc.).

Please attach the relevant documentation.

Packaging and labelling of tobacco products

Have you adopted and implemented, where appropriate, legislative, executive, administrative or other measures or have you implemented, where appropriate, programmes on any of the following:

requiring that packaging, individual cigarettes or other tobacco products do not carry advertising or promotion?

Yes ✓

requiring that packaging and labelling do not promote a product by any means that are false, misleading, deceptive or likely to create an erroneous impression about its characteristics, health effects, hazards or emissions?

Yes ✓

requiring that each unit packet and package of tobacco products and any outside packaging and labelling of such products carry health warnings describing the harmful effects of tobacco use?

Yes ✓

ensuring that the health warnings are approved by the competent national authority?

Yes ✓

ensuring that the health warnings are rotated?

Yes ✓

ensuring that the health warnings are clear, visible and legible?

Yes ✓

Does your law mandate, as a minimum, a style, size and colour of font to render the warning clear, visible and legible?

Yes ✓

ensuring that the health warnings occupy no less than 30% of the principal display areas?

Yes ✓

ensuring that the health warnings occupy 50% or more of the principal display areas?

Yes ✓

ensuring that health warnings are in the form of, or include, pictures or pictograms?

Yes ✓

Does the Government own the copyright to these pictures and pictograms?

No ✘

Would you grant a non-exclusive and royalty-free licence for the use of health warnings developed in your jurisdiction with other Parties?

No ✘

requiring that each unit packet and package of tobacco products and any outside packaging and labelling of such products contain information on relevant:

constituents of tobacco products?	No
emissions of tobacco products?	No

requiring that the warnings and other textual information appear on each unit packet and package and on any outside packaging and labelling in the principal language or languages of the country?

Yes ✔

Please provide a brief description of the progress made in implementing Article 11 (*Packaging and labelling of tobacco products*) in the past two years or since submission of your last report.

We have not changed the requirements regarding health warnings etc. since submission of our last report. Our national regulation is based on the EU Tobacco Products Directive (2014/40/EU). In December 2019, the Danish Government and a majority of the political parties in Parliament agreed on a national action plan targeting tobacco use among children and young people. One initiative is plain packaging. The Bill implementing the national action plan will be introduced in 2020.

Have you utilized the “Guidelines for implementation of Article 11 of the WHO FCTC” when developing or implementing policies in this area?

No ✘

If you have any other relevant information pertaining to or not covered in this section, please provide details in the space below.

Please attach the relevant documentation.

Education, communication, training and public awareness

Have you adopted and implemented, where appropriate, legislative, executive, administrative or other measures or have you implemented, where appropriate, programmes on any of the following:

educational and public awareness programmes? (*Please refer to programmes implemented since submission of your two-year report.*)

No

awareness and participation of the following agencies and organizations in development and implementation of intersectoral programmes and strategies for tobacco control:

public agencies?

nongovernmental organizations not affiliated with the tobacco industry?

private organizations?

other (please specify)?

Other

Are the elaboration, management and implementation of communication, education, training and public awareness programmes guided by research and do they undergo pre-testing, monitoring and evaluation?

Are appropriate and special training or sensitization and awareness programmes on tobacco control addressed to:

health workers?

community workers?

social workers?

media professionals?

educators?

decision-makers?

administrators?

other (please specify)

Other

Please provide a brief description of the progress made in implementing Article 12 (*Education, communication, training and public awareness*) in the past two years or since submission of your last report.

Primary schools will as part of their health classes for senior classes teach about tobacco and smoking, but these are not designed by a national health authority.

Have you utilized the “Guidelines for implementation of Article 12 of the WHO FCTC” when developing and implementing policies in this area?

If you have any other relevant information pertaining to but not covered in this section, please provide details in the space below.

Please attach the relevant documentation.

Tobacco advertising, promotion and sponsorship

Have you adopted and implemented, where appropriate, any legislative, executive, administrative or other measures or have you implemented, where appropriate, programmes:

instituting a comprehensive ban on all tobacco advertising, promotion and sponsorship?

Yes ✓

Does your ban cover:

- display and visibility of tobacco products at points of sales?
- the domestic Internet?
- the global Internet?
- brand stretching and/or brand sharing?
- product placement as a means of advertising or promotion?
- the depiction of tobacco or tobacco use in entertainment media products?
- tobacco sponsorship of international events or activities and/or participants therein?
- contributions from tobacco companies to any other entity for “socially responsible causes” and/or any other activities implemented under the umbrella of “corporate social responsibility” by the tobacco industry?
- cross-border advertising, promotion and sponsorship originating from your territory?
- the same forms of cross-border advertising, promotion and sponsorship entering your territory for which domestic regulation apply?

cooperating with other Parties in the development of technologies and other means necessary to facilitate the elimination of cross-border advertising?

No ✗

imposing penalties for cross-border advertising equal to those applicable to domestic advertising, promotion and sponsorship originating from your territory in accordance with national law?

No ✘

Please provide a brief description of the progress made in implementing Article 13 (*Tobacco advertising, promotion and sponsorship*) in the past two years or since submission of your last report.

The legislation has not been amended since the submission of our last report. But further restrictions regarding tobacco advertising and sponsorship are planned (please refer to section C116).

Have you utilized the “Guidelines for implementation of Article 13 of the WHO FCTC” when developing and implementing policies in this area?

No ✘

If you have any other relevant information pertaining to but not covered in this section, please provide details in the space below.

Please attach the relevant documentation.

Demand reduction measures concerning tobacco dependence and cessation

Have you adopted and implemented, where appropriate, legislative, executive, administrative or other measures or have you implemented, where appropriate, programmes on any of the following:

developing and disseminating appropriate, comprehensive and integrated guidelines based on scientific evidence and best practices?

Yes ✔

programmes to promote cessation of tobacco use, including:

- media campaigns emphasizing the importance of quitting?
 - programmes specially designed for underage girls and young women?
 - programmes specially designed for women?
 - programmes specially designed for pregnant women?
 - telephone quitlines?
 - local events, such as activities related to World No Tobacco Day or National No Smoking Day, if appropriate?
 - other (please specify)?
Other
- grant for municipalities to give NRT to some citizens

design and implementation of programmes aimed at promoting the cessation of tobacco use, in such locations as:

- educational institutions?
- health-care facilities?
- workplaces?
- sporting environments?
- other (please specify)?
Other

inclusion of diagnosis and treatment of tobacco dependence and counselling services for cessation of tobacco use in national programmes, plans and strategies for:

- tobacco control?
- health?
- education?

inclusion of programmes on the diagnosis and treatment of tobacco dependence in your health-care system?

Yes ✓

Which structures in your health-care system provide programmes for the diagnosis and treatment of tobacco dependence?

- primary health care
 - secondary and tertiary health care
 - specialist health-care systems (please specify below)
 - specialized centres for cessation counselling and treatment of tobacco dependence
 - rehabilitation centres
- Municipality health care centers are the prime agent in delivering face to face treatment
Other

Are the services provided in these settings covered by public funding or reimbursement schemes?

	primary health care	Fully
	secondary and tertiary health care	Fully
	specialist health-care systems (please specify below)	Fully
specialized centres for cessation counselling and treatment of tobacco dependence		Fully
	rehabilitation centres	Fully
	other (please specify below)	Fully

Please provide other details in the space below.

In Denmark it is the Municipallities that deliver behavioural support and decides locally if they want to lower cost for medications. The Municipalities are also responsible for a range of rehabilitation centres. Secondary health care systems and General practitioners are responsible for diagnosis and referral to services in the municipalities. Implementation of referral systems are partially underway. But programmes are running.

Which health and other professionals are involved in programmes offering treatment for tobacco dependence and counselling services?

Health professionals including:

- physicians
- dentists
- family doctors
- practitioners of traditional medicine
- other medical professionals (please specify below)
- nurses
- midwives
- pharmacists
- Community workers
- Social workers
- other (please specify)
- Other

It is the municipalities themselves that hire and organize smoking cessation treatment and they are free to choose professional profile, but will follow a national standard for the content of the services delivered and have the same training regardless of original profession

training on tobacco dependence treatment incorporated into the curricula of health professional training at pre- and post-qualification levels at the following schools:

medical?
dental?
nursing?
pharmacy?
Other

facilitating accessibility and/or affordability of pharmaceutical products for the treatment of tobacco dependence?

Yes ✓

Where and how can these products be legally purchased in your country?

NRT can be purchased in pharmacies, supermarkets, kiosks and gas stations. Medications with prescriptions can only be purchased in pharmacies.

Which pharmaceutical products are legally available for the treatment of tobacco dependence in your jurisdiction?

nicotine replacement therapy
 bupropion
 varenicline
other (please specify)
Other

Are the costs of these products covered by public funding or reimbursement?

nicotine replacement therapy	Partially
bupropion	Partially
varenicline	Partially
other (please specify below)	

Please provide a brief description of the progress made in implementing Article 14 (*Demand reduction measures concerning tobacco dependence and cessation*) in the past two years or since submission of your last report.

Counselling sessions concerning smoking cessation are offered in the majority of municipalities at no costs for the smokers. Some municipalities cover some expenses to smoking cessation medications at their own costs. There are national co-funding for some groups.

Have you utilized the “Guidelines for implementation of Article 14 of the WHO FCTC” when developing and implementing policies in this area?

No ✗

If you have any other relevant information pertaining to but not covered in this section, please provide details in the space below.

Please attach the relevant documentation.

C3. MEASURES RELATING TO THE REDUCTION OF THE SUPPLY OF TOBACCO

With reference to Articles 15–17

Illicit trade in tobacco products

Have you adopted and implemented, where appropriate, legislative, executive, administrative or other measures or have you implemented, where appropriate, programmes on any of the following:

requiring marking of all unit packets and packages of tobacco products and any outside packaging of such products to assist in determining the origin of the product?

Yes ✓

requiring marking of all unit packets and packages of tobacco products and any outside packaging of such products to assist in determining whether the product is legally sold on the domestic market?

Yes ✓

requiring that unit packets and packages of tobacco products for retail and wholesale use that are sold on the domestic market carry the statement: "Sales only allowed in ..." or carry any other effective marking indicating the final destination of the product?

Yes ✓

developing a practical tracking and tracing regime that would further secure the distribution system and assist in the investigation of illicit trade?

Yes ✓

requiring that marking is presented in legible form and/or appears in the principal language or languages of the country?

Yes ✓

requiring the monitoring and collection of data on cross-border trade in tobacco products, including illicit trade?

No ✘

facilitating the exchange of this information among customs, tax and other authorities, as appropriate, and in accordance with national law and applicable bilateral and multilateral agreements?

Yes ✔

enacting or strengthening legislation, with appropriate penalties and remedies, against illicit trade in tobacco products, including counterfeit and contraband cigarettes?

Yes ✔

requiring that confiscated manufacturing equipment, counterfeit and contraband cigarettes and other tobacco products derived from illicit trade are destroyed, using environment-friendly methods where possible, or disposed of in accordance with national law?

Yes ✔

adopting and implementing measures to monitor, document and control the storage and distribution of tobacco products held or moving under suspension of taxes or duties?

Yes ✔

enabling the confiscation of proceeds derived from illicit trade in tobacco products?

Yes ✔

promoting cooperation between national agencies and relevant regional and international intergovernmental organizations in investigations, prosecutions and proceedings, with a view to eliminating illicit trade in tobacco products, with special emphasis on cooperation at regional and subregional levels?

Yes ✔

licensing or other actions to control or regulate production and distribution in order to prevent illicit trade?

Yes ✔

Please provide a brief description of the progress made in implementing Article 15 (*Illicit trade in tobacco products*) in the past two years or since submission of your last report.

To strengthen the

legislation with appropriate penalties and remedies, against illicit trade in tobacco products we have enacted legislation to double the fine for the avoidance of tobacco taxes. Penalties has also been added in cases where economic operators within the tobacco trade, does not fulfill the requirements under the EU track and trace legislation.

If you have any other relevant information pertaining to but not covered in this section, please provide details in the space below.

Please attach the relevant documentation.

Sales to and by minors

Have you adopted and implemented, where appropriate, legislative, executive, administrative or other measures or have you implemented, where appropriate, programmes on any of the following:

prohibiting the sales of tobacco products to minors?

Yes ✓

Please specify the legal age:

18

requiring that all sellers of tobacco products place a clear and prominent indicator inside their point of sale about the prohibition of tobacco sales to minors?

Yes ✓

requiring that, in case of doubt, each seller of tobacco products requests that the purchaser provides appropriate evidence of having reached full legal age?

Yes ✓

banning the sale of tobacco products in any manner by which they are directly accessible, such as open store shelves?

No ✗

prohibiting the manufacture and sale of sweets, snacks, toys or any other objects in the form of tobacco products which appeal to minors?

No ✗

prohibiting the sale of tobacco products from vending machines?

No ✗

Do you ensure that tobacco vending machines are not accessible to minors and/or do not promote the sale of tobacco products to minors?

No ✗

prohibiting and/or promoting the prohibition of the distribution of free tobacco products:

- to the public?
- to minors?

prohibiting the sale of cigarettes individually or in small packets?

Yes ✓

providing for penalties against sellers and distributors in order to ensure compliance?

Yes ✓

prohibiting the sales of tobacco products by minors?

No ✗

Please provide a brief description of the progress made in implementing Article 16 (*Sales to and by minors*) in the past two years or since submission of your last report.

The fines for sales to minors have been raised and sellers who repeatedly sell tobacco to minors may now be temporarily banned from selling tobacco. To strengthen enforcement and ensure compliance, the task of enforcing the ban on sales to minors has been assigned to the Danish Safety Technology Authority.

If you have any other relevant information pertaining to but not covered in this section, please provide details in the space below.

Please attach the relevant documentation.

Provision of support for economically viable alternative activities

Have you adopted and implemented, where appropriate, measures or programmes on any of the following:

promoting economically viable and sustainable alternatives for:

- tobacco growers? Not applicable
- tobacco workers? Not applicable
- tobacco individual sellers? Not applicable

Please provide a brief description of the progress made in implementing Article 17 (*Provision of support for economically viable alternative activities*) in the past two years or since submission of your last report.

Have you utilized the “Policy options and recommendations on economically sustainable alternatives to tobacco growing (in relation to Articles 17 and 18 of the WHO FCTC)” when developing and implementing policies in this area?

If you have any other relevant information pertaining to but not covered in this section, please provide details in the space below.

Please attach the relevant documentation.

C4. OTHER MEASURES AND POLICIES

With reference to Articles 18–21

Protection of the environment and the health of persons

Have you adopted and implemented, where appropriate, legislative, executive, administrative or other measures or have you implemented, where appropriate, programmes on any of the following:

implementing measures in respect of tobacco cultivation within your territory, which take into consideration:

the protection of the environment?	Not applicable
the health of persons in relation to the environment?	Not applicable

implementing measures in respect of tobacco manufacturing within your territory, which take into consideration:

the protection of the environment?	Not applicable
the health of persons in relation to the environment?	Not applicable

Please provide a brief description of the progress made in implementing Article 18 (*Protection of the environment and the health of persons*) in the past two years or since submission of your last report.

Have you utilized the “Policy options and recommendations on economically sustainable alternatives to tobacco growing (in relation to Articles 17 and 18 of the WHO FCTC)” when developing and implementing policies in this area?

If you have any other relevant information pertaining to but not covered in this section, please provide details in the space below.

Please attach the relevant documentation.

Liability

Have you adopted and implemented, where appropriate, legislative, executive, administrative or other measures or have you implemented, where appropriate, programmes on any of the following:

Does your tobacco control legislation contain measures regarding criminal liability for any violations of that tobacco control legislation?

Yes

Do you have separate criminal liability provisions in relation to tobacco control (outside of the tobacco control legislation)?

No

Do you have any civil liability measures that are specific to tobacco control?

Not applicable

Do you have any general civil liability provisions that could apply to tobacco control?

Not applicable

Do you have civil or criminal liability provisions that provide for compensation for adverse health effects and/or for reimbursement of medical, social or other relevant costs?

No

Has any person in your jurisdiction launched any criminal and/or civil liability action, including compensation where appropriate, against any tobacco company in relation to any adverse health effect caused by tobacco use?

Yes

Have you taken, as appropriate, any legislative, executive, administrative and/or other action against the tobacco industry for full or partial reimbursement of medical, social and other relevant costs related to tobacco use in your jurisdiction?

No

Please provide a brief description of any progress made, as appropriate, in implementing Article 19 (*Liability*) in the past two years or since submission of your last report.

If you have any other relevant information pertaining to but not covered in this section, please provide details in the space below.

Please attach the relevant documentation.

Research, surveillance and exchange of information

Have you adopted and implemented, where appropriate, legislative, executive, administrative or other measures or have you implemented, where appropriate, programmes on any of the following:

developing and/or promoting research that addresses:

- determinants of tobacco consumption?
 - consequences of tobacco consumption?
 - social and economic indicators related to tobacco consumption?
 - tobacco use among women, with special regard to pregnant women?
 - the determinants and consequences of exposure to tobacco smoke?
 - identification of effective programmes for the treatment of tobacco dependence?
 - identification of alternative livelihoods?
 - Other
-

training and support for all persons engaged in tobacco control activities, including re-search, implementation and evaluation?

No ✘

a national system for epidemiological surveillance of:

- patterns of tobacco consumption?
determinants of tobacco consumption?
- consequences of tobacco consumption?
- social, economic and health indicators related to tobacco consumption?
exposure to tobacco smoke?
- Other

Please list all surveys, including the year of the survey, that you have undertaken in the past.

The National Health Profile

2017 Surveillance of health and lifestyle habits on national, regional and municipality level including basic indicators of smoking habits. Surveillance every fourth year. age 16+

Does your country have any plans to repeat any of the above or to undertake a new tobacco survey within three to five years of your last survey? Please provide details in the space below.

2017; The National

Health Profile 2017. Surveillance of health and lifestyle habits on national, regional municipal level including smoking habits. Surveillance every fourth year. Next survey in 2021.

regional and global exchange of publicly available national:

- scientific, technical, socioeconomic, commercial and legal information?
information on the practices of the tobacco industry?
information on the cultivation of tobacco?

an updated database of:

- laws and regulations on tobacco control?
 - information about the enforcement of laws on tobacco control?
pertinent jurisprudence?
-

Please provide a brief description of the progress made in implementing Article 20 (*Research, surveillance and exchange of information*) in the past two years or since submission of your last report.

The Danish Health Authority monitors and publishes a survey on smoking prevalence every year. All surveys and evaluation made by the Danish Health Authority are made public on its website. The Danish Health Authority presents relevant findings, Danish experiences and evaluation of methods within the areas of smoking cessation and prevention at international conferences etc. when possible. In early 2019 the Danish Health Authority published a survey on the use smokeless tobacco among the 15-24-years-old in Denmark. In Denmark all laws, incl. in the area of tobacco control, are published on a government website. The more detailed guidances etc. are available on the website of the competent authority. Each year the Health Ministry and the Danish Health Authority participates in meetings with its nordic counterparts under the Nordic Cooperation organisation "Nordic Council". The network formed here is also often used to exchange specific surveys, evaluations etc. The Danish Health Authority is a partner in the EU "Joint Action on Tobacco Control" Workpackage 9 on Enhanced research and policy action.

If you have any other relevant information pertaining to but not covered in this section, please provide details in the space below (e.g. whether you included information on WHO FCTC implementation in your Voluntary National Review (VNR) on the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), related to target 3.a).

Please attach the relevant documentation.

D. INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AND ASSISTANCE

Pursuant to Article 21.1(c) and in accordance with Article 26, have you either provided or received financial or technical assistance (be it through unilateral, bilateral, regional, sub-regional or other multilateral channels, including relevant regional and international intergovernmental or nongovernmental organizations and financial and development institutions) for the development and strengthening of multisectoral, comprehensive tobacco control programmes of developing country Parties and Parties with economies in transition in any of the following areas:

development, transfer and acquisition of technology, knowledge, skills, capacity and expertise related to tobacco control?

Assistance provided No

Assistance received No

provision of technical, scientific, legal and other expertise to establish and strengthen national tobacco control strategies, plans and programmes?

Assistance provided No

Assistance received No

appropriate training or sensitization programmes for appropriate personnel in accordance with Article 12?

Assistance provided No

Assistance received No

provision of the necessary material, equipment and supplies, as well as logistic support, for tobacco control strategies, plans and programmes?

Assistance provided No

Assistance received No

identification of methods for tobacco control, including comprehensive treatment of nicotine addiction?

Assistance provided No

Assistance received No

promotion of research to increase the affordability of comprehensive treatment of nicotine addiction?

Assistance provided No

Assistance received No

Please provide information about any assistance provided or received in the space below, including any support received from nongovernmental organizations (please, specify).

If you have not received or provided assistance in any of the aforementioned areas, please identify any financial or technical assistance that may be under consideration, if appropriate.

Have you encouraged relevant regional and international intergovernmental organizations and financial and development institutions in which you are represented to provide financial assistance for developing country Parties and for Parties with economies in transition to assist them in meeting their obligations under the Convention?

E. PRIORITIES AND COMMENTS

What are the priorities for implementation of the WHO Framework Convention on Tobacco Control in your jurisdiction?

Have you identified any specific gaps between the resources available and the needs assessed for implementing the WHO Framework Convention on Tobacco Control?

No ✘

What, if any, are the constraints or barriers, other than lack of resources, you have encountered in implementing the Convention?

Do you have any of the following products available on your national tobacco market?

- smokeless tobacco products
 - water pipe tobacco
 - Electronic Nicotine Delivery Systems (ENDS)
 - Electronic Non-Nicotine Delivery Systems (ENNDS)
 - heated tobacco products (HTPs)
 - Other
-

Have you adopted and implemented any policy or regulation that is specific to the following tobacco products?

- smokeless tobacco products
 - water pipe tobacco
 - Electronic Nicotine Delivery Systems (ENDS)
 - Electronic Non-Nicotine Delivery Systems (ENNDS)
 - heated tobacco products (HTPs)
 - Other
-

If you have any relevant information related to questions E5 and E6, please provide details in the space below.

Please provide any other relevant information not covered elsewhere that you consider important.

Your suggestions for further development and revision of the reporting instrument:

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